**Criminal Justice Unit 4 Vocabulary**

**Mr. Hanley**

**5th and 6th Amendments**

**Definitions for the words 1-14 can be found on the following web site:**

1. [**www.cjinaction.com**](http://www.cjinaction.com)
2. **Click on the fifth addition of the “Criminal Justice in Action”**
3. **Select the chapter noted with the word**
4. **Select glossary on the left**

**Definitions for words 15-25 are provided for you; just copy them to your sheet**

1. **Due Process Clause: chp 4**
2. **Double Jeopardy: chp 10**
3. **Procedural Due Process: chp 4**
4. **Substantive Due Process: chp 4**
5. **Custodial Interrogation: chp 7**
6. **Miranda Rights: chp 7**
7. **Grand Jury: chp 9**
8. **Statute of Limitations: chp 10**
9. **Bench Trial: chp 10**
10. **Acquittal: chp 10**
11. **Confrontation Clause: chp 10**
12. **Public Defender: chp 9**
13. **Jury Trial: chp 10**
14. **Beyond a Reasonable Doubt: chp 3**
15. **Habeas Corpus: chp 10**
16. **Witness: A person who gives testimony under oath and penalty of perjury in a court of law**
17. **Incriminate: To reveal someone’s involvement in criminal acts**
18. **Immunity: An exemption from a duty or penalty.**
19. **Conviction: The act or process by which a judge or jury finds someone guilty of an offense.**
20. **Self-Incrimination: To show oneself guilty by one's own statements or answers**
21. **Coercion: The improper use of power to control the actions of another**
22. **Strickland Standard: Based on the idea that the public defender appointed should be competent and do their best in defending their client**
23. **Speedy Trial act of 1974: Enacted by congress to ensure that those facing prosecutions have a speedy trial as stated in the 6th amendment**
24. **Burden of Proof: The prosecution has to prove the defendant guilty, the defendant does not have to prove that they are innocent**
25. **Indigent Defendant: a poor defendant who lacks the funds to hire a private attorney is therefore entitled to free counsel**